## Lesson 22. The Gradient Vector and Directional Derivatives

0 Warm up

Example 1. Let $\vec{a}=4 \vec{i}+\vec{j}$ and $\vec{b}=\vec{i}-2 \vec{j}$.
a. Find $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$.
b. Find a unit vector that has the same direction as $\vec{b}$.

## 1 The gradient vector

- The gradient of a function $f(x, y)$ of two variables is
- The gradient is a vector of partial derivatives

Example 2. Let $f(x, y)=\sin y+e^{x y}$. Find $\nabla f(1,0)$.

## 2 The directional derivative

- Recall for a function $f(x, y)$ :
- The partial derivative $f_{x}$ is
- The partial derivative $f_{y}$ is
- What about other directions?
- Let $u=\langle a, b\rangle$ be an arbitrary unit vector

- The directional derivative of $f$ at $(x, y)$ in the direction of a unit vector $\vec{u}=\langle a, b\rangle$ is

$$
D_{\vec{u}} f(x, y)=\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h a, y+h b)-f(x, y)}{h}
$$

- The directional derivative $D_{\vec{u}} f(x, y)$ is
$\square$

Example 3. The contour map of the temperature function $T(x, y)$ is shown below ( $x$ and $y$ are simply coordinates). Estimate the directional derivative of $T$ at Reno in the southeasterly direction. What does this value mean?


- To compute the directional derivative, we can use:
- Note: $\vec{u}$ must be a unit vector
- If you are asked for the the directional derivative "in the direction of $\vec{v}$," make sure $\vec{v}$ is a unit vector. If it isn't, make it one.

Example 4. Find the directional derivative of $f(x, y)=\sin y+e^{x y}$ at the point $(1,0)$ in the direction of the vector $\vec{v}=\langle-3,4\rangle$.

## 3 The gradient and directional derivative for functions of 3 variables

- The gradient of a function $f(x, y, z)$ of three variables is defined similarly:

$$
\nabla f(x, y, z)=\left\langle f_{x}(x, y, z), f_{y}(x, y, z), f_{z}(x, y, z)\right\rangle
$$

- The directional derivative of $f$ at $(x, y, z)$ in the direction of a unit vector $\vec{u}$ can be computed using

$$
D_{\vec{u}} f(x, y, z)=\nabla f(x, y, z) \cdot \vec{u}
$$

- The directional derivative $D_{\vec{u}} f(x, y, z)$ is

Example 5. Find the directional derivative of $f(x, y, z)=\ln (3 x+6 y+9 z)$ at point $(1,1,1)$ in the direction of $\vec{v}=\langle 2,6,3\rangle$.

